



This document provides an explanation of power consumption and the tools to quickly and efficiently calculate QS200 power usage.

DOWNLOAD QS200 POWER CONSUMPTION CALCULATOR @ http://bit.ly/flomec-qs200-pc Power consumption is illustrated in the diagram below (see Figure 1 – Please note that this diagram simplifies the micro-circuitry but is a good model for power consumption).



Figure 1

It will be assumed that the Quiescent resistance (R_Q) is significantly greater than the pull-up resistor (R_p) . This is another simplification (without compromising the accuracy of the power calculation). Thus, negligible voltage drop will not be taken into consideration and will simply calculate constant power (power that is always consumed by the QS200 meter) as:

Constant Power = Vsupply*Quiescent Current =

Vsupply*I_Q = Vsupply*(.0002 Amps) = Constant Power

I_Q = Quiescent Current = .0002 Amps = 0.2 mA

Vsupply = Voltage Supplied by End user (in the range of 7.5 V_{DC} to 36 V_{DC}).



However, there is also the "pulse rate power" that must be taken into consideration. The pulse is related to frequency of the sensor. The frequency is also determined by the flow rate of the QS200 (higher flow rate means higher frequency which means greater power consumption). Flow rate related to frequency is displayed below for informative purposes (see Figure 2). The QS200 Power Consumption Calculator (referred to as "calculator" in the rest of this white paper) will internally take care of Figure 2 values. Note that these values came from QS200 Data Sheet.

FLOW INSERT SELECTION CHART

Flowmeter Model	Pipe Size	Operating Range (Min.)	Operating Range (Max.)	Maximum Water Pressure	FLOMEC Tee K-Factor (Freq) ⁻	Non-FLOMEC Tee K-Factor (Freq) [*]	Offset Value ^{::}	Meter Material	Adapter Material	Tee Material	Process Port
QS200-10	1 in.	0.22 GPM (0.83 L/min) 0.1 ft/sec	33 GPM (124.92 L/min) 15 ft/sec	150 psi @ 73°F (10 bar @ 23°C)	0.5386	N/A	0	Ryton	-	PVC	Slip
QS200-15	1.5 in.	0.55 GPM (2.08 L/min) 0.1 ft/sec	82 GPM (310.41 L/min) 15 ft/sec	150 psi @ 73°F (10 bar @ 23°C)	0.7926	0.7947	0	Ryton	-	PVC	Slip
QS200-20	2 in.	0.92 GPM (3.48 L/min) 0.1 ft/sec	138 GPM (522.39 L/min) 15 ft/sec	150 psi @ 73°F (10 bar @ 23°C)	1.3765	1.3583	0	Ryton	-	PVC	Slip
QS200-30	3 in.	2.06 GPM (7.80 L/min) 0.1 ft/sec	309 GPM (1169.70 L/min) 15 ft/sec	150 psi @ 73°F (10 bar @ 23°C)	3.8444	4.2505	0	Ryton	PVC	PVC	Slip
QS200-40	4 in.	3.58 GPM (13.55 L/min) 0.1 ft/sec	537 GPM (2032.78 L/min) 15 ft/sec	150 psi @ 73°F (10 bar @ 23°C)	7.1676	7.2229	0	Ryton	PVC	PVC	Slip
QS200	Insert only		150 psi @ 73°F (10 bar @ 23°C)	use pipe size to determine value	use pipe size to determine value	0	Ryton	PVC	N/A	N/A	

Figure 2

*K and offset values are used to calculate the frequency of the pulses from the QS200 electronics

The formula for frequency is Freq = (GPM/K) - offset

** Offsets listed in this table are expected to be calibrated at the factory and therefore no additional correction should be required. *** Maximum water pressure for larger line sizes would be based on the material of the sensor, adapter, and pipe. Pressure is also derated due to temperature (1.20 psi / °F).

- Pulse Current = $V_{supply}/(R_s + R_p)$
- Pulse Power (instant maximum) = $(V_{supply})^2/(R_s + R_p)$
- Vsupply = Voltage Supplied by End user (in the range of 7.5 V_{DC} to 36 V_{DC}).
- R_s = Sensor Resistance = 50 ohms
- R_P = pull-up resistance (depends on end user application and use)

NOTE: End user should do the following to find reasonable R_p value for irrigation controller (or similar):

- 1. With an ohmmeter measure open circuit voltage on the controller's flowmeter input
- 2. With an ammeter measure the short circuit current on controller's flowmeter input (connecting ammeter across the flowmeter input)
- R_P = Open Circuit Voltage/Short Circuit Current
- This is a very good estimate that is not usually available for controllers. *NOTE: Check values for each input since the values and manufacturing variance/tolerance information tends to not be readily available.*

Since the pulse current will only run at 50% of time maximum (Frequency of 111 HZ which is greater than any of the Maximum GPM flow Operating Range \rightarrow the pulse can only be generated for a maximum of 4.5 mS and must be off for another 4.5 mS \rightarrow the fastest cycle is 4.5 mS off and 4.5 mS on = 9 mS \rightarrow Theoretical Max frequency = 1/(9 mS) = 111 Hz), a quick maximum average power usage can be calculated as:

- Maximum Average Power Consumption of Meter = 0.5*(Pulse Power) + Constant Power
- Maximum Current (instant Maximum) = Pulse
 Current + I_Q = Pulse Current + .0002 Amps

Example A (full calculation)

End user wants to use a 15 V_{DC} supply with a sensor resistance (R_P) of 4700 ohms. The end user wants to know the power consumption of the flowmeter's minimum, maximum, and 200 GPM flow rates (4 inch pipe size application & FLOMEC[®] Tee will be used). What are the power consumption values at these specified flow rates? What is the instant maximum current (or peak current) that will go through this meter at any time?

- 1. Meter parameters that do not change:
- $R_s = 50$ ohms (always meter parameter)
- I_Q = .0002 Amps (always meter parameter)
- 2. End user's parameters that depend on end user's application:
- In this case the end user has V_{supply} = 15 V_{DC}
- End user has a pull-up Resistance of R_P = 4700 ohms
- Maximum GPM = 537 GPM = 537 GPM/7.1676 - 0 = Frequency of 74.92 HZ (values and calculations come from Figure 2)
- Minimum GPM = 3.58/7.1676 0 = Frequency of 0.4995 HZ (See Figure 2)
- 200 GPM = 200/7.1676 0 = 27.90 HZ (See Figure 2)

- 3. End user makes calculations:
- Constant Power (0 HZ) = V_{supply}*I_Q = V_{supply}*(.0002 Amps) = 15 V*.0002 A = .003 W
- Pulse Power (instant maximum) = (V_{supply})²/(R_s + R_p) = (15 V)²/(50 ohms + 4700 ohms) = .04737 W
- Maximum Current (instant Maximum) = $V_{supply}/(R_s + R_p) + I_q = (15 V)/(50 \text{ ohms} + 4700 \text{ ohms}) + .0002 \text{ A} = .003358 \text{ Amps} - Answer to Maximum or peak current}$
- Maximum Average Power Consumption of Meter (111 HZ) = 0.5*(Pulse Power) + Constant Power = 0.5*(.04737 W)+.003 W = .026685 Watts

The simple Y = M*X+B can be used to find different flow rates.

Y = .003 W = (M)*0 + B = B = .003 W

M = Rise/Run = (.5*Pulse Power (Instant Maximum))/111 Hz = .5*(.04737 W)/111 Hz = 2.13378 X 10⁻⁴ W Per HZ

Check at 0 HZ = Y = (2.13378 X 10⁻⁴ W Per HZ)*(0 HZ) + .003 W = .003W = checked

Check at 111 HZ Y = (2.13378 X 10⁻⁴ W Per HZ)*(111 HZ) + .003 W = .026685 W = Checked

Don't worry – The calculator will calculate the values (just an example).

Calculations for Average Power Consumption for Maximum, Minimum, and 200 GPM are listed below:

- Maximum GPM (74.92 HZ) = (2.13378 X 10⁻⁴ W Per HZ)*(74.92 HZ) + .003 W = .018986 Watts
- Minimum GPM (.4995 HZ) = (2.13378 X 10⁻⁴ W Per HZ)*(0.4995 HZ) + .003 W = .003107 Watts
- 200 GPM (27.90 HZ) = $(2.13378 \text{ X } 10^{-4} \text{ W Per HZ})^*(27.90 \text{ HZ}) + .003 \text{ W} = .008953 \text{ Watt}$

Example B (Using Tool – but calculating Rp manually)

End user wants to know Minimum Current, maximum (peak current), Minimum and Maximum Average Power Consumption (4 inch pipe & FLOMEC[®] Tee will be used):

- 1. End user has measured: Open Circuit Voltage & Short Circuit Current.
- Open Circuit Voltage = 13.6 V_{DC}
- Short Circuit Current = 3.25 mA = .00325 A
- $R_P = 13.6 V_{DC}/.00325 A = 4184.6 ohms$
- 2. End user uses the calculator to find out power/current consumption.
- The following is known
- -Voltage (Open Circuit Voltage)
- - R_p (just calculated)
- - Pipe Size

	Numerical Value (values must	
	be greater than zero - check	
	parameters entered if values	
QS200 Meter	are < or = to 0)	Units
Min Theoretical average Power Consumption - 0 HZ	0.00272	Watts
Max Theoretical average Power Consumption - 111 HZ	0.024559135	Watts
Pulse Power (Instant Maximum)	0.043678269	Watts
Max GPM	537	GPM
Max Frequency GPM (HZ)	74.92047547	HZ
Min GPM	3.58	GPM
Min Frequency GPM (HZ)	0.499469836	HZ
Customer desired GPM (between Max and Min GPM)	False Check Param	GPM
Custermer disired GPM Frequency (HZ)	False Check Param	HZ
Pipe Size in INCHES (Choose 1, 1.5, 2, 3, or 4)	4	INCHES
K-Factor	7.1676	
		Units
Maximum or Peak Current (Amps)	False Check Param	AMPS
Minimum Average Power Consumption in Watts (@ Min GPM		
value)	False Check Param	Watts
Maximum Average Power Consumption in Watts (@ Max GPM		
Value)	False Check Param	Watts
Customer desired GPM (between Max and Min GPM) Average		
Power Consumption in Watts	False Check Param	Watts
Customer Parameters (Enter Values in blank Cells right of this		
spreadsheet)	Enter Values Below	Units
Pipe Size in INCHES (Choose 1, 1.5, 2, 3, or 4)	4	INCHES
Vsupply (Volts) - Must Be between 7.5 - 36 V (DC)	13.6	Volts (DC)
Pull-up resistance (R ₂) Ohms	4184.6	Ohms
Customer desired flow rate GPM (Must be between min and		
max flow rate as specified in data sheet)		GPM
Tee K-Factor (Select Tee You Are Using)		
FLOMEC Tee K-Factor (Freq)		
O NON-FLOMEC Tee K-Factor (Freq)		
Note: Minimum Current - Quiescent Current - 0002 A - 2 mA		
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3. The end user enters these values beside the blue entries of the calculator as directed (see Figure 3).

Choose K-Factor type here

Example B (Using Tool – but calculating Rp manually) continued

After the previous steps, the end user is not getting the values they want. However they see the Minimum and Maximum required flow rates. The end user then enters 300 for the GPM value (the range is between 3.58 and 537 GPM – see Figure 4). Now they can find the answers.

	Numerical Value (values must	
	be greater than zero - check	
	parameters entered if values	
OS200 Meter	are < or = to 0)	Unite
0.5200 1110101		Units
Min Theoretical average Rower Consumption - 0 HZ	0.00373	Watte
Max Theoretical average Power Consumption - 0112	0.024559135	Watts
Pulse Power (Instant Maximum)	0.043678269	Watts
Max GPM	537	GPM
Max Frequency GPM (HZ)	74,92047547	HZ
Min GPM	3.58	GPM
Min Frequency GPM (HZ)	0.499469836	HZ
Customer desired GPM (between Max and Min GPM)	300	GPM
Custermer disired GPM Frequency (HZ)	41.85501423	HZ
Pipe Size in INCHES (Choose 1, 1.5, 2, 3, or 4)	4	INCHES
K-Factor	7.1676	
		Units
Maximum or Peak Current (Amps)	0.003411637	AMPS
Minimum Average Power Consumption in Watts (@ Min GPM		
value)	0.00281827	Watts
Maximum Average Power Consumption in Watts (@ Max GPM		
Value)	0.017460526	Watts
Customer desired GPM (between Max and Min GPM) Average		
Power Consumption in Watts	0.010954931	Watts
Customer Parameters (Enter Values in blank Cells right of this		
spreadsheet)	Enter Values Below	Units
Pipe Size in INCHES (Choose 1, 1.5, 2, 3, or 4)	4	INCHES
Vsupply (Volts) - Must Be between 7.5 - 36 V (DC)	13.6	Volts (DC)
Pull-up resistance (R ₂) Ohms	4184.6	Ohms
Customer desired flow rate GPM (Must be between min and		
max flow rate as specified in data sheet)	300	GPM
Tee K-Factor (Select Tee You Are Using)		
oose		
Actor		
here (NON-FLOMEC Tee K-Factor (Freq)		
Note: Minimum Current = Quiescent Current = .0002 A = .2 mA]	
¥ L		Units

- Minimum Current = Quiescent Current = .0002 A = .2 mA
- Maximum (peak current) = .003412 A = 3.412 mA
- Minimum Average Power Consumption = .00281827 W = 2.81827 mW
- Maximum Average Power Consumption = .0174605 W = 17.4605 mW

Example C (2 inch pipe)

Known values

- -25.5 mA @ 23.28 V_{DC}
- Open Circuit Voltage = $23.28 V_{DC}$ _
- Short Circuit Current = 25.5 mA = .0255 A _
- Pipe size = 2 inch _
- FLOMEC[®] Tee will be used (select FLOMEC _ Tee K-factor [Freq] - see below)

- 1. Enter known values into calculator to find pull-up resistance.
- 2. Enter rounded pull-up resistance, Pipe size and Vsupply (Open Circuit Voltage) into calculator.
- 3. Enter 100 GPM (or other desired value between MIN. and MAX. GPM range) into calculator.
- 4. Look at desired parameters.

		Numerical Value (valu	es must		r I
		be greater than zero -	check		
		parameters entered it	fvalues		
	OS200 Meter	are < or = to 0)		Units	
				Units .	-
	Min Theoretical Average Rever Consumption, 0.47		0.004656	Watta	- I
	Min Theoretical average Power Consumption - 0 H2	0.20	0.004656	Watts	- I
	Rules Reves (lestant Maximum)	0.20	50004167	Watts	ł –
	May GPM	0.50	120103/3	CPM	
	Max Grim	100	2542691		
	Mix Frequency GPM (h2)	100	0.92	GPM	
	Min Grw Min Frequency (GPM (H7)	0.6	0.52		
	Customer desired GPM (between Max and Min GPM)	0.00	100	GPM	
	Custermer disired GPM (Between Max and Mill Gr M)	72 (54802034	H7	
	Pipe Size in INCHES (Choose 1, 1, 5, 2, 3, or 4)	72.0	2	INCHES	
	K-Factor		1 3765	interies	
			1.5765		1
				Unite	
	Maximum or Pank Current (Ameri		24275051	AMPE	ł
	Minimum of Peak Current (Amps)	0.0.	243/5961	AMPS	ł
	Minimum Average Power Consumption in Watts (@ Min GPM		00000007		
	Maximum Augusta Barras Consumption in Watte (@ Max GPM	0.0	00550457	watts	ł
	Maximum Average Power Consumption in Watts (@ Max GPM	0.21	0001010	Watte	
	Customer desired GPM (between Max and Min GPM) Average	0.258821512		watts	ł
	Power Consumption in Watts	0.1	70022007	Watte	
	Power consumption in watts	0.10	00000000/	watts	1
	Desired Parameters				
	Customer Parameters (Enter Values in blank Cells right of this				r I
	spreadsheet)	Enter Values Below		Units	
	Pipe Size in INCHES (Choose 1, 1.5, 2, 3, or 4)		2	INCHES	
	Vsupply (Volts) - Must Be between 7.5 - 36 V (DC)		23.28	Volts (DC)	
	Pull-up resistance (R.) Ohms		912 94	Ohms	
	Customer desired flow rate GPM (Must be between min and		512.54	Onna	
	may flow rate as specified in data sheet)		100	GPM	
	The K fester (Select Tee Ven des Usies)		100	Grim	
Choose	Tee K-Factor (select fee You Are Using)				-
K-Factor —	FLOMEC Tee K-Factor (Freq)				-
type here	NON-FLOMEC Tee K-Factor (Freq)				-
- , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					-
				-	-
					t l
	Note: Minimum Current = Quiescent Current = .0002 A = .2 mA			Units	1
	Note: Minimum Current = Quiescent Current = .0002 A = .2 mA	912	9411765	Units	-
	Note: Minimum Current = Quiescent Current = .0002 A = .2 mA Pull-up Resistance Calculator Onen Circuit Voltage With an obminator, massive open	912	.9411765	Units Ohms	
	Note: Minimum Current = Quiescent Current = .0002 A = .2 mA Pull-up Resistance Calculator Open Circuit Voltage (With an ohmmeter - measure open circuit voltage on the controller's flow meter input)	912	.9411765	Units Ohms Volts	
	Note: Minimum Current = Quiescent Current = .0002 A = .2 mA Pull-up Resistance Calculator Open Circuit Voltage (With an ohmmeter - measure open circuit voltage on the controller's flow meter input) Short Circuit Current (With an ammeter - measure the short	912	.9411765 23.28	Units Ohms Volts	
	Note: Minimum Current = Quiescent Current = .0002 A = .2 mA Pull-up Resistance Calculator Open Circuit Voltage (With an ohmmeter - measure open circuit voltage on the controller's flow meter input) Short Circuit Current (With an ammeter - measure the short circuit current on controller's flow meter input, consection	912	.9411765 23.28	Units Ohms Volts	
Fiaure 5	Note: Minimum Current = Quiescent Current = .0002 A = .2 mA Pull-up Resistance Calculator Open Circuit Voltage (With an ohmmeter - measure open circuit voltage on the controller's flow meter input) Short Circuit Current (With an ammeter - measure the short circuit current on controller's flow meter input - connecting ammeter across the flow meter input)	912	.9411765 23.28	Units Ohms Volts	

Example D (1 inch pipe)

Known values

- 5.1 mA @ 13.8 V_{DC}
- Open Circuit Voltage = $13.8 V_{DC}$ _
- Short Circuit Current = 5.1 mA = .0051 A _
- Pipe size = 1 inch _
- FLOMEC[®] Tee will be used (select FLOMEC _ Tee K-factor [Freq] - see below)

- 1. Enter known values into calculator to find pull-up resistance.
- 2. Enter rounded pull-up resistance, Pipe size and Vsupply (Open Circuit Voltage) into calculator.
- 3. Enter 20 GPM (or other desired value between MIN. and MAX. GPM range) into calculator.
- 4. Look at desired parameters.

	QS200 Meter Min Theoretical average Power Consumption - 0 HZ Max Theoretical average Power Consumption - 111 HZ Pulse Power (Instant Maximum) Max GPM Max Frequency GPM (HZ)	Numerical Value (values must be greater than zero - check parameters entered if values are < or = to 0) 0.00276 0.037311577 0.069103154 33 61.26995915	Units Watts Watts Watts GPM HZ
	Min GPM Min Frequency GPM (HZ) Customer desired GPM (between Max and Min GPM) Custermer disired GPM Frequency (HZ) Pipe Size in INCHES (Choose 1, 1.5, 2, 3, or 4) K-Factor	0.22 0.408466394 20 37.13330858 1 0.5386	GPM HZ GPM HZ INCHES
	Maximum or Peak Current (Amps) Minimum Average Power Consumption in Watts (@ Min GPM value) Maximum Average Power Consumption in Watts (@ Max GPM Value)	0.005207475 0.002887146	Units AMPS Watts
	Customer desired GPM (between Max and Min GPM) Average Power Consumption in Watts Desired Parameters	0.014318688	Watts
Choose	Customer Parameters (Enter Values in blank Cells right of this spreadsheet) Pipe Size in INCHES (Choose 1, 1.5, 2, 3, or 4) Vsupply (Volts) - Must Be between 7.5 - 36 V (DC) Pull-up resistance (R,) Ohms Customer desired flow rate GPM (Must be between min and max flow rate as specified in data sheet) Tee K-Factor (Select Tee You Are Using)	Enter Values Below 1 13.8 2705.88 20	Units INCHES Volts (DC) Ohms GPM
K-Factor — type here	FLOMEC Tee K-Factor (Freq) NON-FLOMEC Tee K-Factor (Freq) Note: Minimum Current = Quiescent Current = .0002 A = .2 mA		Units
Figure 4	Pull-up Resistance Calculator Open Circuit Voltage (With an ohmmeter - measure open circuit voltage on the controller's flow meter input) Short Circuit Current (With an ammeter - measure the short circuit current on controller's flow meter input - connecting ammeter across the flow meter input)	2705.882353	Ohms Volts Amps

Example E $(1-\frac{1}{2} \text{ inch pipe})$

Known values

- 3.5 mA @ 31.2 V_{DC}
- Open Circuit Voltage = 31.2 V_{DC}
- Short Circuit Current = 3.5 mA = .0035 A
- Pipe size = 1.5 inch
- FLOMEC[®] Tee will be used (select FLOMEC Tee K-factor [Freq] – see below)

- Enter known values into calculator to find pull-up resistance.
- 2. Enter rounded pull-up resistance, Pipe size and Vsupply (Open Circuit Voltage) into calculator.
- 3. Enter 20 GPM (or other desired value between MIN. and MAX. GPM range) into calculator.
- 4. Look at desired parameters.



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